Sec 4.4 Solving Logarithmic Equations

$$\log_5 x = 3$$
 $\log_2(4x+1) = 5$
 $5^3 = x$ $3^5 = 4x+1$
 $32 = 4x+1$
 $31 = 4x$
 $31/4 = x$

log = number ---> rewrite as a power

7+3 In x = 6

$$3 \ln x = -1$$

 $\ln x = -1/3$
 $e^{-1/3} = x$
 $716 \approx x$

- 1. Isolate log/In 2. Rewrite as a power
- 3. Solve resulting equation.

$$\ln x + 4 = 1$$

 $e = \sqrt{x + 4}$
 $e^2 = x + 4$
 $e^2 - 4 = x$
 $3.38 \approx x$

1. Isolate log/In

2. Rewrite

3. Solve

4. Check for extraneous

exact and approximate.

$$\log_3(x+6) + \log_3(x+4) = 1$$
 $\log_3(x+6) + \log_3(x+4) = 1$
 $\log_3(x+6) + \log_3(x+4) = 1$
 3
 $3 = x^2 + 10x + 24$
 $0 = x^2 + 10x + 21$
 $0 = (x+7)(x+3)$
 $0 = (x+7)(x+3)$
 $0 = (x+7)(x+3)$

Remember...you cannot take the log/In of a negative or zero...

I. Condense to a single log2. Rewrite3. Solve4. Check

$$\log_{4}(x+2) - \log_{4}(x-1) = 1$$

$$\log_{4}(x+2) - \log_{4}(x-1) = 1$$

$$4 = 1$$

$$4 = \frac{X+2}{X-1} = 1$$

$$4 = \frac{X+2}{X-1}$$

$$4x - 4 = x + 2$$

$$3x = 6$$

$$x = 2$$

 $\log (3x-3) = \log (x+1) + \log 4$ $\log (3x-3) = \log 4x+4$ 3x-3 = 4x+4 -7 = xno solution Logs on both sides? Condense to one on each, then set arguments equal.

Suggested Practice Sec 4.4 page 490 49-92 every other odd

These problems have various nuances...small changes throughout. I suggest trying every suggested, and especially several from 83-92.

49-92 every other odd...

1. [6] 3. [3] 5. [3] 7. [2] 9.
$$\left\{\frac{3}{5}\right\}$$
 11. $\left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}$ 13. [4] 15. [5] 17. $\left\{-\frac{1}{4}\right\}$ 19. [13] 21. [-2] 23. $\left\{\frac{\ln 3.91}{\ln 10}\right\}$; =0.59 25. [\ln 5.7]; =1.74 27. $\left\{\frac{\ln 17}{\ln 5}\right\}$; =1.76 29. $\left\{\ln \frac{23}{5}\right\}$; =1.53 31. $\left\{\frac{\ln 659}{5}\right\}$; =1.30 33. $\left\{\frac{\ln 793 - 1}{-5}\right\}$; =-1.14 35. $\left\{\frac{\ln 10, 478 + 3}{5}\right\}$; =2.45 37. $\left\{\frac{\ln 410}{\ln 7} - 2\right\}$; =1.09 39. $\left\{\frac{\ln 813}{0.3 \ln 7}\right\}$; =11.48 41. $\left\{\frac{3 \ln 5 + \ln 3}{\ln 3 - 2 \ln 5}\right\}$; =-2.80 43. [0, \ln 2]; \ln 2 = 0.69 45. $\left\{\frac{\ln 3}{2}\right\}$; =0.55 47. [0] 49. [81] 51. [e^2]; =7.39 53. [59] 55. {-9} 57. $\left\{-\frac{107}{27}\right\}$ 59. $\left\{\frac{62}{3}\right\}$ 61. $\left\{\frac{e^4}{2}\right\}$; =27.30 63. [$e^{-1/2}$]; =0.61 65. [$e^2 - 3$]; =4.39 67. $\left\{\frac{5}{4}\right\}$ 69. [-3] 71. [6] 73. [5] 75. [12] 77. $\left\{\frac{4}{3}\right\}$ 79. Ø 81. [5] 83. $\left\{\frac{2}{9}\right\}$ 85. [28] 87. [2] 89. Ø 91. $\left\{\frac{11}{3}\right\}$ 93. $\left\{\frac{1}{2}\right\}$ 95. [e^3 , e^{-3}] 97. $\left\{\pm\sqrt{\frac{\ln 45}{\ln 3}}\right\}$ 99. $\left\{\frac{5 + \sqrt{37}}{2}\right\}$