

## Sec 3.4

### Writing polynomials given the zeros

Write a polynomial given the zeros are  $-2, 2$  and  $i$  and that  $f(3) = -150$

$$(x+2)(x-2)(x+i)(x-i)$$

$$(x^2 - 4)(x^2 - i^2)$$

$$(x^2 - 4)(x^2 + 1)$$

$$x^4 - 3x^2 - 4$$

$$i = \sqrt{-1} \quad i^2 = -1$$

$$-150 = c(3^4 - 3(3)^2 - 4)$$

$$-150 = c(50)$$

$$-3 = c$$

$$-3x^4 + 9x^2 + 12$$

Write a polynomial that has zeros 3, 4, and  $2i$  and  $f(-1) = -50$

$-2i$

$$(x-3)(x-4)(x+2i)(x-2i)$$

$$(x^2-7x+12)(x^2+4) \quad \begin{matrix} -1 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 8 & 2 \\ \frac{1}{2}x^4 & + \frac{7}{2}x^3 & - 8x^2 & + 14x & - 24 \end{matrix}$$

$$x^4 - 7x^3 + 12x^2 + 4x^2 - 28x + 48$$

$$x^4 - 7x^3 + 16x^2 - 28x + 48$$

$$-50 = c \left[ (-1)^4 - 7(-1)^3 + 16(-1)^2 - 28(-1) + 48 \right]$$
$$-50 = c [1 + 7 + 16 + 28 + 48] = 100 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$
$$c = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Write a polynomial that has zeros  $-4$ ,  $1/3$ ,  $2+3i$  and  $f(1) = 100$

$$2-3i$$

$$(x+4)(3x-1)([x-2]+3i)([x-2]-3i)$$

$$(3x^2+11x-4)((x-2)^2-9i^2)$$

$$(3x^2+11x-4)(x^2-4x+13)$$

$$3x^4-12x^3+39x^2+11x^3-44x^2+143x-4x^2+16x-52$$

$$3x^4 - x^3 - 9x^2 + 159x - 52 \quad \text{final}$$

$$100 = c(3 - 1 - 9 + 159 - 52) \rightarrow c = 1$$

$100 = c(100)$

# Suggested Practice

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25,27,29,31

$$25. \quad 2x^3 - 2x^2 + 50x - 50$$

$$27. \quad x^3 - 3x^2 - 15x + 125$$

$$29. \quad x^4 + 10x^2 + 9$$

$$31. \quad x^4 - 9x^3 + 21x^2 + 21x - 130$$